

Tax Considerations for Gifting During Your Lifetime

By Brian Vomund, CPA, Wealth Management Consultant

You may be thinking about giving gifts to family members and charities during your lifetime, instead of leaving gift amounts in your estate. Gifting during your lifetime would allow you to see recipients enjoy your generosity. Beyond simply being generous, you may also be able to reduce current income and future estate taxes.

There are certain gifting methods that allow you to pass assets to the next generation or charitable organizations in a tax-free manner. With tax laws and guidelines changing from year to year, it is important to revisit your strategy regularly. Here are some considerations to guide your gifting strategy.

Considerations to Guide Your Gifting Strategy

Gifting cash to charity

Current tax law offers cash contributions to a public charity (if you itemized deductions) to be capped at 60% of your adjusted gross income (AGI). If your contributions exceed the limit, the excess can be carried over for the next five years and will be subject to percentage limitations in the carryover years.

Gifting cash to family

For 2023 the amount of money you can give as a gift to one person without having to file a gift tax return is \$17,000 per recipient (\$34,000 per recipient if the gift comes from a married couple).

Gifting stocks and managing capital gain taxes

Gifting low-cost basis stock for charitable contributions is usually a win-win scenario for the donor and the charity. The charity can sell the stock tax free to raise cash; the donor gets a tax deduction up to 30% of AGI and avoids the capital gains tax on the stock.

If you are gifting to an individual to help with an upcoming major expense (i.e., college, house, or a new car) and the recipient is in the 12% tax bracket or less, you can also gift low-cost basis stock. Any capital gain will be taxed at a federal tax rate of 0%.

Finally, if you have stock in a loss position, you might consider selling the stock first, recognizing the loss yourself for your own tax benefit, and then gifting the cash.

Manage Capital Gains Taxes By Gifting Stocks

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Gifts from an Individual Retirement Account (IRA)

If you are 70½ years of age or older, qualified charitable contributions (QCDs) allow you to transfer up to \$100,000 each year directly to charity from an IRA or inherited IRA. If you are age 73 or older, this distribution also counts toward your annual required minimum distribution (RMD) and allows for the amount to be excluded from taxable income.

Gifts of high-cost basis assets

If you are gifting assets that are intended to be held for the long term, consider gifting high-cost basis assets vs. low-cost basis assets. When gifting an asset, you remove it from your taxable estate — but you also lose the opportunity for a step up in cost basis upon death. If you hold an asset with a low-cost basis when you pass away, the asset receives a step up in cost basis and any capital gain prior to death has been eliminated.

We can help

When planning your lifetime gifting strategy for the people and causes you love, it is important to seek the advice of your tax, legal, and financial advisors. Contact Commerce Trust today — our team of financial professionals can answer questions regarding all your options and help you make informed decisions that are in your best interest.

Commerce does not provide tax or legal advice to customers. Consult with your tax advisor.

The opinions and other information in the commentary are provided as of May 17, 2023. This summary is intended to provide general information only, and may be of value to the reader and audience.

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Brian is a wealth management consultant for Commerce Trust. He facilitates the introduction of our prospective clients to a comprehensive service team which includes private banking, investment management, trust administration, and financial planning. Brian provides an integrated and seamless client experience as we partner with clients to meet their long-term goals and objectives.

Prior to joining Commerce in 2006, Brian was an associate vice president in private client services for A.G. Edwards & Sons, Inc., specializing in estate planning as well as IRA and retirement distribution planning. Brian earned his bachelor of science in business administration from Saint Louis University. He is a Certified Public Accountant and Personal Financial Specialist. Brian is a member of the Knights of Columbus and Moolah Shrine organizations and is a past president of the Missouri Society of CPAs on its Estate Planning Committee.



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